

CHRD 2022: Abstract & Poster Submission Form

Submitter Name	Submitter Email
Ayel Batac	Ayel.Batac@umanitoba.ca
Presenter Status ⊙ Undergraduate Students	
O Masters Student	
O PhD Student	
O Post-Doctoral Fellows	
O Residents	
O Non-Trainee	
Research Category O Basic Science	
O Clinical	
⊙ Community Health / Policy	
Role in the project ☐ Design	
☐ Perform Experiments	
☑ Analyze Data	
☑ Write Abstract	
Title	
vACcine COnfidence amongst those living with alleF review	Rgy during the coviD pandemic (ACCORD): a scoping

Background

Despite the clear evidence on vaccine safety and efficacy of COVID-19 vaccines, misinformation remains rampant across online platforms. In addition to the dissemination of misinformation online, documented reports of allergic reactions to COVID-19 vaccines have contributed to decreased vaccine confidence among the general population.

Objective

We aimed to conduct a living scoping review on peer-reviewed and grey literature on COVID-19 vaccine hesitancy and allergic reactions.

Methods

Guided by Arksey and O'Malley's framework for methodological reviews, we searched four scientific databases (MEDLINE, Embase, PsycINFO, CINAHL) using a search strategy developed by content and methodological experts. No restrictions were applied on the type of COVID-19 vaccine, country of study, and language of publication. Grey literature searches were restricted to 10 languages. The study population included patients of all ages. The search was reported according to the Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic reviews and Meta-Analyses extension for Scoping Reviews.

Results

Of the 1385 unique records retrieved from our comprehensive search, 60 (4.3%) articles were included. Allergic reactions to the COVID-19 vaccine were rare in the general population, and slightly more common in individuals with prior allergic disease history, though maintaining rarity. A fifth of the studies (13/60; 22%) discussed vaccine hesitancy due to possibility of an allergic reaction. Additionally, the present review identified research on details of vaccine-related anaphylaxis (e.g., mean and median (excluding clinical trial data): 12.4 and 5 cases, respectively per million doses) and allergic reactions (e.g., mean and median (excluding clinical trial data): 489 and 528 cases, respectively per million doses).

Conclusion

Despite the low incidence of serious vaccine-related adverse reactions, fear of allergic reactions to the COVID-19 vaccine is one of the leading causes of vaccine hesitancy. Therefore, it is imperative to dispel misinformation and ensure that the appropriate information is promoted widely to reduce vaccine hesitancy.

Do you have a table/figure to upload?

O Yes ⊙ No

Authors

For each author, please click "[+] Add Item" and provide the author's information

Name	Email	Role	Profession
Ayel Luis R. Batac	Ayel.Batac@umanitoba	Presenting Author	Other
	.ca		

Kaitlyn A. Merrill	Kaitlyn.Merrill@umanito ba.ca	Co Author	Other
Nicole Askin	Nicole.Askin@umanitob a.ca	Co Author	Other
Michael A. Golding	Michael.Golding@uman itoba.ca	Co Author	Other
Elissa M. Abrams	elissa.abrams@gmail.c om	Co Author	Associate Professor
Philippe Bégin	philippe.begin.med@ss ss.gouv.qc.ca	Co Author	Associate Professor
Moshe Ben-Shoshan	moshebenshoshan@g mail.com	Co Author	Associate Professor
Erika Ladouceur	erika.ladouceur@gmail. com	Co Author	Other
Leslie E. Roos	Leslie.Roos@umanitob a.ca	Co Author	Assistant Professor
Vladan Protudjer	Vladan.Protudjer@uma nitoba.ca	Co Author	Other
Jennifer Lisa P. Protudjer	Jennifer.Protudjer@um anitoba.ca	Co Author	Assistant Professor